



## City of Statues.

That is What Washington Will One Day Be if Present Patriotic and Art Tendencies Continue.

WASHINGTON will become the handsomest city in the world if all the plans for its artistic embellishment are carried out. These plans embrace a great variety of improvements and involve the expenditure of large sums of money. One of the main projects is the erection of monuments in honor of heroes and statesmen. One of the subjects that will be brought before congress early in the next session will be a proposal to provide a suitable statue of George Washington for the east front of the capitol, in view of the removal from the place to the Smithsonian Institution of the much ridiculed Greenough statue, representing the Father of His Country in the scan and unnatural attitude of a general seated. Representative McDonald of Massachusetts, chairman of the house committee on the library, introduced in the last congress a bill providing for a replica of the J. Q. A. Ward statue of Washington which stands in front of the subtreasury building in Wall street, New York, and is one of the best sculptural portrayals of the first president in existence. He proposes to place this replica on the staircase on the east front of the capitol, so that presidents in delivering their inaugural addresses will stand at the feet of the great man in his presidential chair. Some members of the senate and house take the view, however, that the country could afford to provide a new statue instead of a replica for this important place. Whether Washington should be represented in such a statue as delivering his inaugural address. With the removal of the Greenough statue there will be no effigy of Washington in the immediate



EQUESTRIAN STATUE OF WASHINGTON ON PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, WASHINGTON.

At the top of the image is a bronze plaque of Houdon's work, which stands in statuary hall, the original being at Richmond. On Pennsylvania avenue there is an equestrian statue of Washington an general in command of the Continental army. It is the work of Clark Miller.

The nation's capital would be rich in monuments if half the bills introduced for their erection were to be passed. Mr. Sulzer of New York proposed in the last session an expenditure of \$30,000 for a bronze statue of Samuel J. Tilden, Democratic candidate for the presidency in 1876. Representative Chaney of Indiana thinks that there should be a statue of Pocahontas and has offered a bill to provide for it. There is also a bill to provide for the purpose of erecting a suitable monument to Alexander Hamilton. The officers and members of this association are trying to raise the necessary money by private subscription, evidently having done all they can to get the bill introduced to act in the matter. Scores of the most prominent men in America belong to this association. President Roosevelt has given the movement his endorsement, having written that it is a shame that the country has never been entitled to the memory of Hamilton. There is no statue or monument of General Grant in Washington, but it is proposed to have a statue as soon as the dispute can be settled as to whether some historic trees shall be felled in the park to make room for it. There are two so called monuments of President Lincoln in Washington. The first is in front of the building used by the court of the District of Columbia. It was erected by the people of the city who by negroes. It is a poor excuse for a monument, but it was the best the recently emancipated slaves could do. The other is in Lincoln park, on Capitol hill.

A statue of the great Polish patriot, Kosciusko, is to be located in Lafayette park. The model of the monument as a whole represents Kosciusko as a hero of both hemispheres, as he is usually called by the Poles. At the front of the pedestal is a hemisphere showing the map of America with an American eagle guarding its liberty. In the rear the other hemisphere, bearing the outline of Europe and Asia, is being strangled by a snake representing despotism, while the Poles are trying to break with the hook and talons. To the right a Polish regular soldier, wounded and falling, is protected by a Polish farmer with his scythe. In the rear the other American soldier, holding the ties of the American farmer. Above stands Kosciusko with a map showing West Point and fortifications in one hand and the other resting on his sword.

### White House Families.

There have been times in American history when an advocate of large families could not have cited the household of the White House as an example, for small families have been the rule in the White House, and the census taken in more than one administration would have been obliged to report "No family."

Yet only two bachelors have been elected to the Presidency, and one of these, Grover Cleveland, changed his condition by marrying before completing his first term. James Buchanan in his youth was a party to a romantic love affair, and after the death of the young lady he appears never to have thought of marrying.

It has been said that few Presidents had what President Roosevelt would call large families. William Henry Harrison had the largest; he was the father of six sons and four daughters. He was the oldest man ever elected to the Presidency. Hays and Garfield had the next largest families; in the Hays family were born eight children, and in the Garfield family seven, a large number in each case growing to maturity.

President Garfield had four children, three sons and one daughter, and one of these sons, Fredrick D. Grant, is a Major General in the army. Abraham Lincoln, had four sons, Robert Todd Lincoln, who became Secretary of War under Presidents Garfield and Arthur, alone surviving to maturity. President Johnston had two daughters, Martha and Mary. Martha presiding over the White House during the illness of her invalid mother.

President Arthur was a widower, and his sister presided over the White House. He had two children living, but his first child, a son, died in infancy. President Van Buren also was a widower. He had five sons, two of whom were Abraham, whose wife presided over the White House, and John, who was known as "Prince John." President Taylor had a son and two daughters, of whom one married Jefferson Davis.

President Pierce had three sons, two of whom died in infancy, and the child, a boy of thirteen, was killed in the presence of his parents in a railroad accident two months before his father's inauguration as President. President John Adams had a daughter and three sons, President Monroe had two daughters, and John Quincy Adams had several children, two of whom died in infancy. President McKinley's two daughters died while very young. —Boston Globe.

### Wanted to See the World.

Last Thursday afternoon sheriff M. E. Carter received a telegram from Lexington to arrest four girls aboard a north bound Q. and C. train, and when it rolled up to the depot here that official was on hand, but before he could get them in marching order the train moved on. The quartet were safely landed at Dry Ridge, however, and brought back to Williamstown on the next train and taken to the Thompson House where the sheriff and his deputy guarded them. Several of the girls appeared very brave

while one wept bitterly for a time and said she feared to meet her father.

They gave their names as follows: Aileen Smith, Hattie Traugott, Janie Parker, Lexington; Margaret Duncan, Bramon, Ky. Miss Smith, who seemed to be the leader of the party, said they concluded to see some of the world, and so decided to run away from home.

A telephone message from Lexington about 7 p.m. instructed the officers to hold the runaways until the father of the Smith girl arrived in an automobile. Meantime the girls got gay and made merry on the streets for an hour or two, keeping the officers busy, watching them.

The auto did not reach here until after 2 a.m., and then the occupants lost their bearings, for they passed the hotel at a rapid rate. But in a few moments they came back to find that only two of the girls were at the hotel, Miss Smith, and another one having disappeared. The distraught father then directed the chauffeur to return to Lexington with the two girls, while he, a Lexington detective and the officials here instituted a search for his daughter and her companion.

They were discovered about daylight in a hollow near the railroad track and brought back to the hotel. The party left on the morning train for Lexington. It was alleged that Miss Smith "swiped" a roll of bills from her father and paid all expenses. The runaways first went to Nicholasville, telephoned for an automobile and were taken to Cressendale, where they boarded the train.

One girl said she was going to Cincinnati to get a position in a department store; another said she left home on account of the "big stick" discipline of her parents, while another said she ran away to have a good time. But all were glad of the chance to get back home, and it is not likely they will try the experiment of leaving "mammy's apron string" again. —Williamstown Courier.

### General News.

Fire at Lane Idaho, did damage estimated at \$100,000.

Col. Tom J. Landrum, formerly of Louisville, is dead in Chicago.

Oil has been struck on James B. Haggins' Elmdendorf farm in Fayette.

Louisville secured the convention of the Associated Advertising Clubs for 1909.

John Henry Briggs, a millionaire cattle raiser, shot and killed himself at his home in Attica, Ind.

An 18-year-old Negro who had attempted to assault a white girl, was hanged by a mob near Murfreesboro, Tenn.

Fireman Tyson, chief of the fire department of Louisville, was elected president of the International Association of Fire Engineers.

Sawdust is turned into transportable fuel in Germany by a very simple process. It is heated under high steam pressure until the resinous ingredients become sticky, when it is pressed into bricks.

WANTED:—200 Chestnut telephone poles, 20 feet long, 6 inches at the smaller end. Columbia Telephone Co.

### Vengeance.

Indianapolis, Aug. 27.—When it was definitely learned here today that Claude Andrews, a cousin of Jess Coe, who was killed by Sheriff, J. E. Bryant, of Monroe county, Ky., and his body brought to this city for identification and reward, was a party to the killing of Coe and had received \$600 of the \$1,500 reward, the negroes on the West Side became very much excited and on several occasions the police were compelled to employ threats to prevent trouble in the crowds that gathered about the morgue where Coe's body lay. The excitement increased when Coe's sister called and identified the body and asked the privilege of giving it burial.

In the crowds of negroes that gathered on the streets and discussed the killing of Coe and the events leading to it there were many angry expressions against Andrews and not a few covert threats and suggestions that he ought to be killed. The police thought Andrews discreet enough to keep out of the way of trouble, but late in the evening he went to visit a relative at Nora street and Senate avenue, right in the heart of the negro settlements. His presence in the house became known immediately and negroes began to gather from all directions. Andrews was a prisoner in the house for a few moments and the mob was on the point of forcing the doors when Patrolman Morgan arrived on the scene. So excited was the mob that he could do nothing with its members and he telephoned for help. Two other patrolmen reached the scene in time to prevent an assault on the house and Andrews was taken to the police station for protection. The members of the mob followed at a short distance, breathing vengeance, but other arrivals of officers saved Andrews from the vengeance of his race.

The negroes say he cannot remain in this city and if they find him outside the protection of the police they will kill him. They do not seem so much to resent the killing of Coe as they do the fact that Andrews got money for his part in it. Andrews accompanied Sheriff J. E. Bryant and his deputy, Granger Conkin, to Indianapolis with the body of Coe. The party arrived shortly after 11 o'clock last night and more than 1,000 persons were waiting at police headquarters to see the body. The body of the dead negro was positively identified by several persons who had been summoned to the police department. The body of the murderer in a coffin was seen by thousands of people to day. They passed at the rate of ninety a minute for several hours beginning at 8 o'clock this morning. At noon it was estimated that 20,000 persons had passed the coffin.

### A Paying Investment.

Mr. John White, of 38 Highland Ave., Houlton, Maine, says: "I have been troubled with a cough every winter and spring. Last winter I tried many advertised remedies, but the cough continued until I bought a 50c. bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery; before that was half gone, the cough was all gone. This winter the same happy result has followed, a few doses once more banished the annual cough. I am now convinced that Dr. King's New Discovery is the best of all cough and lung remedies." Sold under guarantee at Paul's drug store. 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

## Everything Guaranteed

I Sell all kinds of Preparatory Remedies, Extracts, Spices, Perfumes, Toilet Articles, including Barber Supplies, Stock and Poultry Food.

Everything is sold under a POSITIVE GUARANTEE by The J. R. Watkins Medical Co., Winona, Minn.

Call and get my prices on the goods that I handle. You can see me on the road, or at my residence, on Frazier Ave., Columbia, Ky.

## M. E. Jones

### IT IS MONEY TO YOU IF YOU BUY AT THE RIGHT PLACE

See my Stock of

## GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Produce Wanted

W. L. SIMMONS

KENTUCKY

J. E. Snow.

J. C. Popplewell.

A CAR EACH OF

## Buggies, Wagons, and Fertilizer

Just Received

Give us a call. See our Ball Bearing Buggies, and get our prices on all grades before buying elsewhere.

Our Business motto:

"Quick Sales and Short Profits."

## Snow & Popplewell,

DEALERS IN

### General Merchandise

and Undertaker Goods

Russell Springs

Kentucky

## JOHN A. HOBSON

GREENSBURG, KENTUCKY

Has enough

## Pioneer Wire Fence

to fence in Green and Adair counties.

The Stay wires on this fence are so attached that they can't slip on the Line Wires. The Harder You Pull the Tighter it Gets.

ENOUGH

## Poultry Netting

to fence an Acre Chicken Yard on every farm in the two counties, and don't forget the 97 kinds of Wall Paper advertised in recent issues of The News.

## FRANK CORCORAN

High-Grade

Marble & Granite

Cemetery work  
of all kinds....

Trade from Adair and adjoining counties  
solicited

Main Street, Lebanon, Ky.

\*\*\*\*\*  
Visitors to the State Fair  
and Kentucky's Metropolis  
are cordially invited to visit

Louisville's Foremost  
Carpet and Rug Store

Hubbush Bros.,

Centrally Located  
Market Street, between 5th & 6th.

Special attention paid to out-of-town orders.

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ESTABLISHED 1861 — INCORPORATED 1889

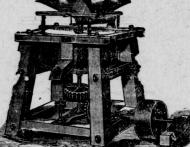
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**SMOKE STACKS,**

Sheet Iron and Tank Work

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All Kinds of Machinery Repaired



**The Louisville Trust  
Company** Southwest Corner  
Fifth and Market  
LOUISVILLE

Organized under a special charter for the safe keeping of valuables of every kind and description, and the transaction of a general trust business, is authorized to act in any part of the State as Executor, Administrator, Trustee, Guardian, Assignee, Receiver, and to fill every position of trust that can be held by an individual.

It accepts and executes trusts of varied character, and its fair, impartial and profitable management is guaranteed by its large assets, its corporate property, its magnificent fireproof office building and its great financial strength.

A Big Lot of  
**New Millet Seed and  
Cow Peas**

Brown Cultivators.  
The Empire Corn Drill, with cut-off.  
A Car-Load of Milburn Wagons.  
Buggies and nice Buggy Harness.  
Also, a complete line of Farm Implements.

**J. H. Phelps,**  
Jamestown, Kentucky.

**KIMBLE HOTEL**

J. W. KIMBLE, PROPRIETOR

**GOOD ROOMS \$1.00 PER DAY  
GOOD BEDS SAMPLE ROOM FREE**

**LIVERY AND FEED STABLE IN CONNECTION**

RUSSELL SPRINGS, KENTUCKY

**A. G. Patterson.**

The Whitley Republican, of Williamsburg, has the following to say:

"Hon. A. G. Patterson, Democratic Candidate for Congress, in the Eleventh District, was in Williamsburg Saturday. He met the County Committee and other friends, Republicans as well as Democrats. Mr. Patterson's close kinship to a well-known family allied to the minority section of the Republican party, is, by some of his friends, expected to win him votes. But the main reliance of the candidate is, confessedly on his own merits and energy.

He declares that he will visit every county in the District, that he is ready to meet Mr. Edwards on the stump, at any time or place. He endorses the Denver platform and the candidacy of William Jennings Bryan. He favors the improvement of the Cumberland River, and the development of the District generally. While in favor of the utmost economy in Governmental expenses, he urges liberality in pensions to old soldiers, their widows and orphans.

Mr. Patterson pronounces against machine politics in both parties, and invited all opposed to machine methods no matter what their affiliation, to support him.

He will, later on, announce the time and place of his campaign opening, as, also, his speaking date for Williamsburg. Local Democrats proclaim Mr. Patterson an ideal candidate and are enthusiastically 'for' him. For a man on the wrong side of the political fence, he is, we cheerfully admit, a very good fellow personally."

Lindsay. For Bryan.

At an enthusiastic meeting of Democrats at Frankfort August 29th, former United States Senator William Lindsay, who opposed Bryan in both of his former races came out strongly for him and the Democratic ticket in a powerful address. Senator Lindsay vigorously scored the president for attempting to dictate the appointment of his successor, declaring that it was the height of indelicacy on the part of the President.

He commanded the Democratic party for the prominence given to demands for tariff revision in its platform and urged that the Democracy strongly oppose all trend toward centralization of power in the Federal Government, which he declared to be the fundamental fault of the Republican party.

**In Presidential Year 1908 —  
Those Who Want the TRUTH Should Read  
"An, Independent Newspaper"**

THE EVENING POST DURING THIS YEAR 1908.

COSTS LESS THAN ONE CENT A DAY

**FREE — A New Kentucky Governor's Wall Atlas.**

From Isaac Shelby to Augustus E. Wilson.

All of Kentucky's Governors. The complete collection now in existence. Every Kentucky should have a copy in his home or office.

**JUST OFF THE PRESS** is the new Kentucky map.

Engaged especially for the Evening Post at a cost of \$3.50.

In addition to this complete series of all Kentucky towns is given, with their populations, names, steamship routes, statistical data, additional information, maps of the United States, and more. There are nine maps of the United States, including the Philippines, Porto Rico, Hawaii, Alaska, and the like. There are also maps of the world, the two hemispheres, reports of the last three national census, and much other historical information.

This unique and valuable Atlas is **FREE** to ALL EVENING POST SUBSCRIBERS. It is also **FREE** to all who send \$3.50 in postage to the publisher by carrier or agent or by mail for six months subscription. Understand that these rates are by mail, not by carrier.

The Evening Post is first in everything; has the most State news and best market reports for the home.

A daily newspaper for the home.

The Evening Post, LOUISVILLE, KY.

Special Price On Atlas and Evening Post With This Paper.

**Allowing Railroads**

**To Obey The Law.**

If the government is going to run the railroads of the county, it must run them on business principles or accept the responsibility for general bankruptcy ruin. This has come to be pretty well understood at last in government as well as railroad circles.

An illustration of it is the general recognition of the necessity of bringing the Sherman anti-trust law and the laws for special and direct regulation of railroads into harmony. That is necessary merely to allow the railroads to obey the law. As it stands now, they violate the law against combination if they uniformly obey the law regulation rates. If they obey the Sherman law by keeping out of combination, some of them fall inevitably into violation of some of the various laws regulating rates.

The business of conducting the traffic of the country is so enormous and so complicated that it is simply impossible for railroads to obey the laws regulating separately and independently. They can do so only by combination of competing as well as connecting lines, and the establishment of joint and uniform rates for certain fields of traffic.

This combination to make joint and uniform rates was held by the courts to be violation of the Sherman anti-trust act some ten years ago. That ruling never has been changed, though every possible effort has been made to soften it. Now it is recognized that the thing to do is to change the Sherman law itself.

The subject comes up freshly in the Southern states, where the railroads are suffering most from loss of earnings and financial weakness, and where the state commissions seemed determined so enforce the letter of both the rate law and the anti-trust law.

Examination of conditions in Texas and in the territory of the Southern Railway have completely convinced the interstate commission that the only salvation of the railroads is the power to make joint rates under supervision. A strong effort will be made to give them this power at the next session of Congress — the part of the President.

He commanded the Democratic party for the prominence given to demands for tariff revision in its platform and urged that the Democracy strongly oppose all trend toward centralization of power in the Federal Government, which he declared to be the fundamental fault of the Republican party.

Killed In His Tracks.

Glasgow, Ky., Aug. 26.—Jess Coe, the negro who killed Patrolman Charles Russell at Indianapolis September 30, 1906, and for whom a reward of \$1,500 was offered, killed Tuesday at 11 o'clock in Martinsburg, on Cumberland river, in Monroe county, W. Va.

—Minneapolis Evening Tribune.

For Bryan.

by Sheriff J. E. Bryant and a pose of deputies.

Tuesday morning, while going through a strip of woods, the officers came upon Coe in company with a negro named Claud Andrews. They were squirrel hunting, and when first seen Coe was in the act of shooting a squirrel. Coe had a Winchester rifle at his shoulder, pointing at the top of a tree. The snapping of a twig attracted his attention and he turned and faced the Sheriff and his deputies.

Coe was asked to surrender, but instead was bringing his gun on a level with the Sheriff when one of the deputies and the Sheriff fired almost simultaneously and the negro fell, dying instantly.

No case in recent years has attracted such widespread attention as did the killing of the Indianapolis patrolman by Coe. A negro, George Williams, a relative of Coe, and who was with him at the time, was arrested, tried and hanged for killing Patrolman Betticord at the same time. A large reward was offered for Coe, but he managed to get back to his home on Pea Ridge, where his parents and relatives live. The Coe negroes, some twenty in number, have been a terror to that section for years. They have been mixed up in a dozen killings and have gone free with a few exceptions, no one daring to arrest them. The reward of \$1,500 has been a great temptation and many detectives have tried to capture the fugitive.

**SHERIFF BIDDED HIS TIME.**  
Sheriff Bryant has believed all along that Coe was hiding on Pea Ridge and that his capture was only a question of time. Many believe that Jess Coe had never returned, and those who knew the Coes best asserted that he would never be taken alive.

For Bryan.

J. Sherman Porter, managing editor of the Lexington Herald, and formerly the editor of an Ohio Republican newspaper, will vote ond work for Bryan and Kern in the coming campaign. He has offered his services to stump his home congressional district in Ohio and any other counties to which the Democratic State Committee may desire to send him. Mr. Porter's reasons for leaving his party aside from his confidence in the integrity of Mr. Bryan, are unique, in that he would destroy the Republican organization in Ohio in order to discourage the formation of future machines in the State.

He says that no man, however able he may be to fill any office, need aspire to office in the Buckeye State unless he has the necessary "seads" to put up a boddle campaign and unless he stands in with the machine of Taft, which succeeded the old Foraker-Dick gang in control of political matters in the State. He believes that the only thing that will bring about a square deal in Ohio Republican politics is the annihilation of the Republican ticket this year, State as well as National, for if Taft should be elected all the gangsters beaten for the State offices would be take care of anyhow.

The fair grounds will be sold, at the Court-house door on Monday, Sept. 21.

**Married 14 Times.**

Is there any woman in all these broad United States of ours who thinks herself capable of managing fourteen men—all of them husbands—let her read the story of how a Nebraska woman tried it, failed and is still hopeless. Mrs. Phoebe Townsend, of Dode, Neb., is the woman. She has been married fourteen times within the span of her fifty years of life. This is believed to be the record from the time when marriages were kept—at least in this county. On the subject of how to manage a husband, Mrs. Townsend says: Although I lost so many husbands, it is no fault of mine. I was a good wife to each of them. I guess it's a matter of luck. I know how to manage a husband. You mustn't love him too much. That is not for your own good. And it is not good for him. It spoils him. You should conceal some of your affections so that you may keep him in hopes of winning more. You mustn't let him know that you're managing him. That will never do. If he has any obstinacy, and most men have a good deal, he will fight. You've got to lead him. Some of my husbands were very obstinate. But I generally managed to get them to do what I wanted them to do. Of course I couldn't make them faithful, and I couldn't give them good dispositions if they didn't have them. You can change a man somewhat, but you would be a fool to think you could make him over. I've had too much experience to believe that. I tell you a woman must have a good deal of hope in her to marry a man at all. I guess I'm of a hopeful disposition. I'm not mean. I don't think I'm selfish. But I know my rights. There are some things I can't stand. I just had the hard luck to get men who didn't appreciate me. Affection isn't all a man wants. Some of them just want a servant. Even a woman who is married to a good man will find that the best of them are selfish. I suppose women are, too, in certain ways. Maybe it's a matter of luck whether married people can get along with each other's selfishness. Anyway, people have got to marry. We are told that it is not good for man to be alone. A woman is just as helpless. I always got lonesome after I parted from one of my husbands. No one ought to blame me. My children have, and so have other people. But I think I'm right in my search for happiness. I though I had found it when I married at 13. Maybe it is not my fate to find it?

**Splendid Blue Grass Farm For Sale.**

As Executor for Mrs. L. J. Cloyd I will offer for sale at public outcry on the premises, at about 10 a. m., Sept. 15th, 1908, the magnificent blue grass farm of about 365 acres of which she died possessed. It is situated in Lincoln county, Ky., on a turnpike, about 24 miles from McKeithen, about the same distance from Hazard. The improvements consist principally of a two-story, frame dwelling, large barn, double crib, buggy house, tenant house, all necessary outbuildings, cistern, stock scales, etc.

All in grass but about 75 acres. It is near good schools, churches and a railroad station on the Queen & Crescent Railway. The land will be surveyed after the sale. Possession for seedling purposes will be given as soon as the sale is made, and the balance of the whole tract Jan. 1st, 1909. At least one third of the purchase price must be paid in cash, and the balance to be arranged to suit purchaser. This is one of the best farms in Lincoln county. For further particulars address J. B. PAXTON, Executor, Stanford, Ky.

## The Adair County News.

Published Every Wednesday

BY THE

Adair County News Company  
INCORPORATED.CHAS. S. PAFFIS - EDITOR  
Democratic newspaper devoted to the interests  
of the city of Columbia and the people of Adair  
and adjacent counties.Entered at the Columbia Postoffice as second  
class mail matter.

WED. SEPT. 9, 1908.

## DEMOCRATIC TICKET

For President,  
Wm J. BRYAN, of Nebraska.  
For Vice-President,  
J. W. KERN, of Indiana.  
For Congress,  
A. G. PATTERSON, of Bell county.

There is every reason for Democrats to feel jubilant over the result next November. The party from Maine to California and from the Lakes to the Gulf, is united, in full accord with the platform and the candidates. No sectional fight in any of the States; strong and popular candidates in every local contest and with the hope of victory, a powerful fight will be made and the result can hardly be doubted. Every Democratic state promises increased majorities. Not a one is in danger, while many of the strong Republican states are in doubt and the pivotable ones swinging into the support of Bryan. The best of reports are coming from New York, Indiana, Illinois and other states farther west. With the Democratic Journals all in line and many of the great Independents supporting the party indicates the drift of sentiment and foreshadows victory. On the other side factional wars are on in some of their closest districts and states. Mr. Taft is not the choice of the great bulk of his party—he is a machine made nominee and every body knows it. He is not in close relation with the rank and file of the people. Again, his religious views are not in accord with the great bulk of the people and his platform is out of harmony with demands of organized labor. The country has been wrestling with hard times and thousands of willing workers are begging bread. It's a Democratic year and all we have to do is to keep the faith and stick to our post of duty.

The colored people throughout the entire country are not on good terms with Mr. Taft. In many places they are organizing against him, but before election day most of them will be driven into line by their political bosses and, their votes will be cast, largely this time, as they have been in the past. There will be a small percent of them who will free themselves from political bondage and vote on their own judgment, but the great mass will march to the polls like sheep to the slaughter pen.

The Glasgow Times would be delighted in its very soul if Judge Wallace Jones, of Columbia, should enter and win the race for the republican nomination for circuit judge in his district. In years gone by Judge Jones made a great circuit judge, and he can do it again if given the chance. There is not a chance on his life for any democrat in that district.

and Wallace Jones is, by all odds, the best qualified republican.—Glasgow Times.

Mr. Taft says if he is elected his first official act will be to convene Congress in extraordinary session for a revision of the tariff. Now, such a statement from such a man is of itself extraordinary and if the revision under such circumstances should be made in favor of the people and against protected interest it would be most extraordinary.

Twenty-five thousand people witnessed, at Waterville, Me., last Tuesday, an ardent fall 500 feet to his death.

Senator Foraker shook hands with Candidate, Taft. Foraker is a game man, but he wants to be re-elected.

The United States increased in population, by immigration, during the last twelve months 209,000.

## From Oklahoma.

Ingersoll, Okla., Aug. 30, '08.  
Editor News:

As I have been requested by several of my Kentucky friends to write them concerning this country, and I haven't time to write all individual letters, so I thought I would write them through The News, hoping you will find time and space to publish it if you think it worthy of publication.

This is a fine country for farming and is adapted to raising corn, wheat, barley, alfalfa and kaffir corn. Kaffir corn looks almost exactly like our Kentucky sorghum cane and has heads and set like it, only the heads are black and the seed are white and larger. Wheat will grow from 20 to 40 bushels to the acre; oats from 25 to 50 bushel; corn from 25 to 50 bushel. Alfalfa will make from three to five crops a year, owing to how much rain and how the people are fixed to care for it. We have lost one crop of alfalfa this year by having so much to do we could not cut it in time for another crop to come on. Each cutting will make from a ton to a ton and a half to the acre, and is worth \$10 a ton.

Corn is worth 63c; wheat 82c and other grain in proportion. Land is worth from \$35 to \$100 an acre. There is not very much selling for \$100, only the very best improved farms.

Joe Azbill came here from Winchester, Ky., one year ago and bought 320 acres of land and paid \$1800 for it and bought property in Cherokee for \$4,500, and recently sold his farms for \$27,000 and his town property for \$5,100.

Cherokee is a very nice town of about 2000 inhabitants. It has two railroads, five elevators, an ice plant, one large flour mill of 500 Bbl cap.; a large alfalfa mill where they make meal out of alfalfa. They have 50 per cent. alfalfa and 40 per cent. corn, and makes fine feed and a market for the alfalfa. I will say I think there is more money in alfalfa than any other crop that is raised here, as the seed is worth \$8 a bushel, and you can usually get one seed crop each year and get from three to six bushel to the acre and three crops of hay besides and the threshed alfalfa is worth about \$6.00 a ton.

The people here are very sociable, and is a very nice, moral

place to live. There is no booze to be had close. The worse that can be said of the country, is the water. We have some good water and some no good. Cistern water as a rule, is the best drinking water. There is so much salt in the earth it tastes in the water. We live five miles from the salt plains. They are seven miles wide and 12 miles long and are solidly covered with white salt and sometimes the salt is nearly an inch deep on the ground. We live only 14 miles from the Kansas line in Alfalfa county. Woods county was divided into three counties, Alfalfa, Major and Woods. We have plenty of Jack Rabbits and a few Coyotes here and more Quail than I ever saw any where and there are plenty of fish and good ones. I have had all the fish I wanted several times.

Wages are reasonably fair here, a young man can get from \$20 to \$30 a month and board on a farm. Land rents for one-third of the grain and one-half of the alfalfa. We haven't any negroes here and no Indians living close, but I have seen several Indians, a band camped near Cherokee last week and attended the fair. I talked with them some and bought a pair of moccasins made of Buck skin. They can converse some in English, but not very much.

Well, I guess I will close. If this is lucky enough to escape the waste basket I may come again soon. —Loe Bryant.

## Gradyville.

J. A. Diddle spent one day the first of the week at Sulphur Well.

J. W. Coy, of Columbia, was here the first of the week.

L. M. Wilmore was in the community of East Fork last week. The revival services in the grove near Wood closed last week. We have not heard the results of the meeting.

Quite a number of crops of dark tobacco in this community that are not sold up to this writing.

Ozark and Gradyville base ball teams crossed bats last Saturday which resulted in a glorious victory for the former.

Mrs. Kate Hughes, of Columbia, spent a few days with her daughter, Mrs. J. A. Diddle, of near this place, last week.

Uriah Bradshaw has completed several new houses in this section in the last sixty days.

Mrs. Nancy L. Grady, who is visiting her son, D. A. Grady, at McGregor, Texas, writes her sons, W. L. and Dr. John Grady that she is highly pleased with the Long Star State.

Mrs. Herschel Shirrel, who left us a few weeks ago with the intention of making Russell Springs his future home has returned to this place on account of his health. Mrs. Shirrel is afflicted with heart trouble.

Mr. Levi Dulin, of Edmonton, who recently took unto himself a help mate, visited his father's family near this place last week.

Next Thursday the 10th, there will be an all day Missionary meeting at this place. Everybody invited to attend the meeting.

Miss Nina Marcum, of Columbia, was the guest of Miss Clara Wilmore last Wednesday.

Mrs. Wilson Bros., of Cave City, received a nice lot of cattle from J. F. Pendleton, of this

place, last week at 3½ cents per pound. The cattle brought Mr. Pendleton something near one thousand dollars.

W. L. Grady received from Charles Yates last week a very fine colt under one year old for which he paid seventy-five dollars. Mr. Grady is on the market for several more of the same stock and style.

Mr. Strong Hill and wife, after a week's visit with relatives at Jamestown and Russell Springs, returned home last Thursday. Mr. Hill informed us that he bought a lot at Russell Springs and expected in the near future to build a dwelling thereon.

Mr. Galloway, of Burkesville, has been in our community for the past week looking after a lot of timber that belongs to Geo. H. Nell & Co. We understand the gentleman is well pleased with the timber and the probabilities are that they will make a deal.

Mr. L. S. Smith has grown the finest watermelon that we have had in this section this season. He has supplied this market for several weeks.

Prof. E. V. Thompson was examined at Edmonton a short time ago and will receive a first-class certificate. He received one hundred per cent on all of his studies except one and to-day is teaching a very interesting school at Story Point, in McCalfe county.

The rain at this place last Friday morning caused our people to be up early watching the creek. It rained for three hours very hard and swelled the creek and branch considerably, but no serious damage was done.

Mrs. Geo. W. Spilman, who has been in a critical condition for the past month or so is not improving very fast.

## Pellham.

Luther Smith is confined to his room with something wrong with one of his feet.

Mr. Charlie Browning, wife and little daughter, Mary, of Bliss, were visiting at J. R. Cundiff's last week.

Mr. A. Hunn was looking after cattle in this neighborhood last week.

Mr. Burdick, of Marion county, bought a span of mules from J. N. Squires for two hundred and twenty-five dollars; same party bought a bunch of sheep from Dolphus Murray for \$24.

Mr. Will Todd was in Springfield transacting business last week.

Miss Kate B. Squires will start this Tuesday to Louisville and Cincinnati to lay in her Fall millinery.

Robert Todd, son of Scott Todd, one of our industrious men, was out in the woods cutting tobacco sticks and cut his knee very badly last Tuesday, and before his father could get any one there to help him he almost bled to death. We are very sorry of his bad luck and hope he will soon be out again.

Dr. James Squires and brother, Rhee, are here on a visit from Missouri. Dr. is in very bad health. We hope that Kentucky air and water will restore him to good health again.

Mrs. Jennie and Mrs. Jim Smith and Miss Maggie Hutchinson were visiting on Caney Fork last week.

## TO PEOPLE OF ADAIR COUNTY!

It takes money to run a campaign and it takes a great deal of it to successfully engineer one of national scope. The present attitude of the Democratic party excludes contribution from the powerful corporations and trusts and consequently must rely on the loyalty, patriotism and free-will offerings of the great common people to meet the demands of legitimate campaign expenses and the sooner this is met the more life, enthusiasm and effectiveness will be given the work necessary to win. It is the duty, as well as a privilege, for every person who believes in and desires democratic success to contribute to this fund. A request has been made that Democratic papers solicit for this purpose and forward same to the National Committee. We obey the suggestion and ask every true Democrat to help in this fight to restore to the great bulk of the people their rights, their privileges and the blessings of a free government. Any amount from one dollar up will be cheerfully received and promptly forwarded to the Committee. Fill out the following and enclose your contribution:

## EDITOR NEWS:

Enclose find \$\_\_\_\_\_, my contribution to Democratic Campaign Fund.

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_

## Lumber and Land

Anyone who needs Framing or Barn patterns, Commons or Better, cannot do better than place your order with us. We have a large stock of the above material and will be sold at the saw set on the Page farm near Cane Valley, or at James N. Naylor's farm, near Columbia.

We will sell 240 acres of the James Page land, near Cane Valley, 40 acres in cultivation the remainder in woodland. Two small tenant houses and a barn. The grade of land is good, houses and a barn.

This is your chance if you want good land in a good community at a fair price.

## Wood Mosaic Flooring and Lumber Co., [Inc.]

By J. A. WHITNEY, Agent, Coburg, Ky.

## Public Auction

Saturday, September 5th, 1908,

On Saturday, Sept. 5th, 1908, I will offer for sale at my store, Knifley, Ky., a line of dry goods, shoes, clothing, hats, etc. I have a large lot of summer clothing and other goods that will be sold regardless of cost, as I need the room and money for fall goods. Come to this sale if you want bargains, as there will be many articles sold very cheap.

## L. R. CHELF, Knifley, Kentucky.

Mr. Clarence Hurt, Nashville, Tenn., was visiting Messrs. James and Clay Suddarth last week.

## Enter The Western Normal.

See your County Superintendent immediately about free tuition and write H. H. Cherry, of Bowling Green for a new catalog.

## How to get Strong.

P. J. Daly, of 1247 W. Congress St., Chicago, tells of a way to become strong: He says: "My mother, who is old and was very feeble, was deriving so much benefit from Electric Bitters that I felt it's my duty to tell those who need a tonic and strengthening medicine about it. In my mother's case a medicine in flesh has resulted, insomnia has been overcome, and she is steadily growing stronger. Electric Bitters quickly remove stomach and liver and kidney complaints. Sold under guarantee at Paul's drug store, 50c."

43-2

## Who Owes You?

No matter who it is we can collect the account for you—that is, if it can be collected at all. We make collections where others fall on old and over due accounts. Our fees are reasonable. Write for rates & particulars.

KENTUCKY COLLECTING AGENCY  
Lebanon, Ky.

## Portland.

Good old summer is gone and the breath of Autumn is felt.

Crops are fine in this section; tobacco cutting is the order of the day.

S. D. Caldwell has the finest crop of Burley tobacco we have seen, some leaves measuring 45 inches in length.

Mrs. Mabel Ogle and Mrs. Mollie Jones, of Exie, were visiting friends and relatives here last week.

The ice cream supper at W. C. Yates, one night last week was enjoyed by all who attended.

R. L. Davis' wife, of Cadiz, arrived at his brothers of this place last Friday, and is suffering very much at this writing with nervous prostration.

L. C. Hindman and family visited in Portland last Saturday and Sunday.

F. D. Cobb and wife spent one day last week with S. D. Caldwell and wife.

Misses Mollie Caldwell and Edith Squires, attended the Camp meeting near Greensburg.

J. A. Caldwell who has been up in the Blue Grass this summer, is in on a few days vacation and will start to school Monday at Bowling Green.

J. H. Goff and W. R. Lyons, grocerymen were calling on our merchants Monday.

Holland and Curtis was through here this week representing a patent churn.

Mrs. Birtie Dohoney is visiting her brother, Eddie Dohoney this week.

G. H. Nell of Gardyville, passed through here en route for Greensburg, and stopped over one night with W. C. Yates.

Dr. J. H. Grady was calling on friends here this week.

Dr. J. J. Bookner of Greensburg, took dinner with R. L. Davis, one day this week.

W. L. Grady and wife, spent last Sunday at J. H. Caldwell.

The Portland people attended a meeting at Milltown last week conducted by Bro. Levi of Edmonton.

Mr. Lewis Compton and wife visited their nephew, Kenneth Pile last Sunday.

## Knifley.

The health of this section is very good at this time except colds and grip.

Mr. J. W. Beard of Oklahoma, who has been here for several weeks returned to his home August 28.

Cooley Bros. will finish sawing the Arnold timber this week.

Mrs. H. B. Ingram has some pullets that was hatched in February and began to lay eggs the first of August. Who can beat that?

Mr. Thos Bowen, wife, and Mr. A. S. Stapleton, are in on a visit to Mr. M. H. Guinn's and family.

Tobacco cutting has begun in

this section with a light yield and poor quality.

W. J. Bottom has finished his county road contract and it is said to be a good piece of work.

Every body is for Bryan, even the Willson Democrats.

The Royer Wheel has closed for some time, cleaned up all there stock.

Lebanon is a new town since it went dry.

## Nell.

The health of the community is very good.

Quite a number of the young folks attended Children's day at Hickory Ridge last Sunday. There was a large crowd and plenty good dinner.

Miss Mary Walker is visiting her sister, Mrs. Bob Walker, who has just recovered from fever.

Mr. J. T. Hamilton is putting a new roof on his barn.

Crops are good here, the farmers have cut some of their tobacco.

J. D. Walker spent last Tuesday night with A. C. Pulliam.

Mrs. J. H. Holliday and children spent two day not long ago, visiting her uncle, Mr. Joe Bell.

Misses Celeste Shirley, Inez Hamilton, Kate and Mary Walker spent one night with Mrs. A. Pulliam.

Rev. Granville Dockery preached at East Fork last Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Combs made a visit in Monroe county not long ago, visiting his father.

## Casey Creek.

The corn crop here is quite short for the time of year, but with a late frost and plenty of rain a tolerably fair crop will be made.

The Archibald Spoke Mill that was located here one year ago, has shut down for a rest of two weeks, but will be runing as usual with a full set of hands—about 25—inside of 10 days. This Company has scattered thousands of dollars for timber and hands with our people.

The contract entered into between J. N. Conover, county supervisor of roads and the Wolford Bros., to grade the Chelf hill on the Roley and Campbellsburg road has been completed and the hill is said by our people to be in a fine condition.

The people of Roley and vicinity have subscribed to a turnpike contract to build a Pike from the Casey county line to connect with the Wilson creek pike and have elected its officers and will aim to make arrangements to have the road surveyed and a charter obtained at an early date.

## Dirigo.

R. E. Strange and wife are at Greensburg this week.

Sam Beck called on our merchants last Saturday.

J. W. Harvey made a working last Tuesday and put up a very good barn.

J. M. Campbell sold 17 acres of land to L. H. Jones, (of color) for \$125.

Even Strange has rented the old Bird farm and will be given possession within a few days.

A Shepherd dog belonging to Mr. J. W. McClister has been acting very curious for the last day or two. John says he has

been poisioned, but for fear that it might be hydrophobia he has him confined to await further development.

Mrs. J. W. McClister and Willie Bennett are visiting relatives in the Gadberry community and attending meeting at Smith's Chapel.

Mr. Alvin Rossen, who is teaching at the Firquin district will open up the spelling contests of this section with a spelling match at Harrodsfork church Friday night, Sept. 11th. Every body invited.

Mr. Buel Shive, Rugby, was here one day last week.

J. M. Campbell did business at Columbia last week.

The millet harvest is on and the crop in this section is making a fine yield. Mr. R. H. McKinney claims to have just harvested the finest crop that ever grew in this section.

## Program

The following is the program of teachers' association to be held at Mt. Pleasant, Saturday Sept. 19.

Song.

Devotional Exercise, Mr. Henry Cundiff.

Welcome address, Mrs. R. B. Smythe.

Best Method of teaching Geography and History, Mr. Rube Squires.

What age to begin pupils to write with pen, and how much time to give to writing, Miss Anna E. Montgomery.

How to secure attention of a class, Miss Blevins.

How to teach beginners to read, Miss Bettie Cundiff.

How to teach the "New Century Physiology," Mr. A. O. Young.

Noon.

Song.

Best method of teaching Language, Miss Mississipi.

In what grade should pupils begin Civil Government, how to teach same, Miss Fannia Smythe.

Which is the better, written or oral spelling? Why? Miss Annie Bradshaw.

How teach Subtraction, Miss Mary Garnett.

Value of the teachers' association, Mrs. Shelton.

Ruby Jeffries, Vice Pres.

## PREACHING NEXT SUNDAY.

J. R. Crawford, Marrowbone. W. H. C. Sandifer, Ebenezer. W. S. Duglass, Glen Valley. J. F. Reach, Fry. F. J. Berger, Glenville. Z. T. Williams, Columbia. J. M. Pierce, Union Chapel. A. R. Kasey, Columbia. T. Wright, Mt. Carmel. J. A. Johnston, Gardyville. J. V. Walbert, Society Hill. W. D. Cave, Providence.

## Farm for Sale.

We have a good little farm for sale. It contains between 65 and 70 acres, well watered, two dwellings and all necessary out buildings, lying one mile south of Cane Valley, on the pike.

E. A. Van Hoy  
J. S. Squires  
Cane Valley, Ky.  
41-4t

## Enter School.

The Western Kentucky State Normal of Bowling Green offers young people less scholarship and more training in the mechanical, opportunity to prepare for the active duties of life. Write H. H. Cherry, Bowling Green, Ky., for information.

43-2t

## Town Tax.

All persons owing town tax for the year 1908 must pay before the first of October if they want to save interest. The penalty goes on the first day of October.

J. A. Willis,  
Town Marshal.

## Sale of Fair Grounds.

On Monday Sept. 21, 1908, at 1 o'clock p.m., at the Court-house door in Columbia, Ky., I will sell, for cash, about 22 acres of land lying near Columbia and known as the fair grounds.

The joint owners of this valuable real estate have directed me to make the sale in order that they may dissolve the partnership, and the highest bidder will get the ownership property whether it brings much or little.

Jas. Garnett Attorney

43-3t

for the owners.

LINDSEY WILSON TRAINING SCHOOL  
COLUMBIA, KY.

FALL TERM BEGINS SEPTEMBER 2nd

A SAFE - PLACE - TO - PUT - YOUR - CHILDREN!

## COURSES

## RATES

The regular College Preparatory Course prepares for higher education and for life.

The Normal Department educates most of the teachers in this part of the country.

Commercial. Music. Art.

Tuition, per month \$2.00 to \$3.00  
Board, per month \$7.00  
Special Rate, Ninety Dollars, (\$90) all in advance, pays Board, Tuition, and Incidents for one year. Write for Catalogue.

Neilson & Moss, Columbia, Ky.

## MY BULL, BURLY



making the season at my farm near Columbia. Fee \$1.00 at the gate, inwards.

S. H. MITCHELL.

## Water



## WHEEL

## Power

Have your plant equipped with a SAMPSON, the greatest wheel of the day. Guaranteed actual horse-power, workmanship, etc.

When in need of New Plant, or Power Connections, apply to

E. L. REESE,

Jamestown, Ky.

The Adair County Medical Society will meet at Dr. Cartwright's office Sept. 10th, 1908, at 10 o'clock, a.m., with the following program:

Puerperal Eclampsia—Dr. Perryman. Cholera Infantum—Dr. Hancock. Typhoid Fever—Dr. Hammond. Meningitis—Dr. Holland Simpson. Abscess of Liver—Dr. Hindman. Should a physician dispense his own medicine—Dr. Cartwright.

W. T. Grissom,  
W. F. Cartwright,  
R. Y. Hindman,  
Committee.

## For Sale.

I have 110 acres of good land, near Coburg, Ky. There are on it two dwellings and all necessary outbuildings, plenty of water.

J. A. Willis, Coburg, Ky.

40-1m

Cut Rates on Everything in the Drug Line. Mail Orders Promptly and Carefully Filled at Lowest Prices.

All orders shipped the day they are received.

## CITY HALL PHARMACY

6TH & JEFFERSON ST. Opposite CITY HALL

DRUGS	TOILETS
2 qt. Quinine, in vials	22 lbs
2 qt. Quinine, in v. bottles	30 cts
Peroxide Hydrogen, 1 oz. bottles	10 cts
Peroxide Hydrogen, 1 lb. bottles	25 cts
Sedilite Powder, 1 lb. each in a box	15 cts
RUBBER GOODS	
2 quart water bottles, 36c, 75c, 88c, 98c, 1.25	22 lbs
2 quart fountain syringes	50c, 75c, 88c, 98c, \$1.25, \$1.35
1 All our rubber goods are guaranteed.	83 cts
PATENT MEDICINES	
Regular size, cut price	19 cts
Large size, cut price	25 cts
" 1.00	83 cts
If in need of any article in the Drug line write and give me an opportunity to save you money. We give Green Trading Stamps when ordering mention same.	
SAUTER & ISAACS, P'trs., Louisville, Ky.	

## NOTICE TO FARMERS

Since putting in the stove mill, I find that I am making more fuel than I can use. In order to utilize more fuel, I will give 38 pounds of strictly first-class Flour, and 11 pounds of bran per bushel for M wheat, and will continue to do so as long as I am getting this extra fuel. I will pay the highest market price for good wheat.

## Secure a Certificate.

Under the State Normal School Law, persons completing certain courses of study will be awarded a certificate which permits them to teach anywhere in Kentucky without further examination. H. H. Cherry, President of the Western Normal, will furnish full information upon application.

## W. R. MYERS

Dr. O. S. Dunbar  
Dentist  
Office, Front Rooms in  
Jeffries' Building.  
Phone No. 40, Ring 3.  
COLUMBIA, KENTUCKY

**An Address.**

The following paper was read by Matthew Taylor at the Teachers' Association of the 3rd. Magisterial District, August 29th, 1908:

I am not here to make a speech, I am here because I love to associate with those who are trying to advance the cause of education. The first school I ever attended was one of the first common schools established in this county, and my teacher is yet living.

I go to see him once a year if possible and greatly enjoy meeting with him because he has always been my friend and because he and I are the only persons now living who attended that school so far as we know.

When I went to the free schools any one who could read, write and cipher was qualified to teach school. I remember when I was going to school I was very anxious to become a teacher and after I had received all the information I could in the common schools and had gone some to higher schools I got the promise of a school down on Casey's Fork, of Marrowbone, and I went to our Commissioner, Mr. Nat Gainer, a young lawyer in Columbia, to get a certificate. I went into his office and sat down and after while I gathered up courage enough to tell him I had come to get a certificate to teach school in the country. "Well," said he, "Matthew what do you know?" I told him I could read a little, write a little and cipher a little. He then pushed writing paper, pen and ink to the end of the table where I was and told me to write my name. I did so the best I could. He asked no further question, but took the paper looked at my name and then picked his pen and wrote something like this, "I have this day examined Matthew Taylor touching his qualifications to teach in the common schools of Adair county and find him qualified to read a little, write a little and cipher a little. Given under my hand, etc." Then I took it and stepped down and out with the pomposity of a Vanderbilt armed and equipped as the law directed.

I then went to my school and commenced teaching and followed teaching for fifteen or twenty years. I found a firm consistent course the best to apply in the school room among pupils. They all need our sympathy and respect and it must be bestowed, as much as possible, without partiality. The fact is, I meet up with some of my pupils occasionally whom I have forgotten as pupils and the very moment I am reminded of it they feel nearer and dearer to me, because I feel that I may in some way be responsible for their destiny.

I would advise all teachers in addition to obtaining sufficient qualifications, to cultivate a spirit of kindness, not only with your pupils, but with all with whom they come in contact for all have their influence in some way at some time, and consequently the slightest neglect on the part of any teacher to show a sufficiently kind disposition may deprive them of a school when least expected.

During the last few years the free schools have been extended to six instead of three months

each year, as they were formerly.

The qualification of teachers has been advanced to such an extent that all parents can, if they will, give their children a better education at home in the common schools than those of my age were able to obtain under the most favorable circumstances, and yet we know from different causes, that a large majority of the rising generation will never receive more than a slight knowledge of the branches now required to be taught in our common schools.

Notwithstanding this is true, under the late law, all males over twenty-one years of age are taxed to build up one or two public high schools in each county of the State, and I suppose we will have to build two, one for white and one for colored students when we know, not one fourth of either the white or colored race will ever be able to avail themselves of the benefits of either. In my judgment if the late law is enforced and carried out it will result in taxing a large majority for the benefit of a very small minority and in building up a taxation a pauper educational aristocracy which will have for its aim the encouragement of a system of taxation for the employment of a class of professors who are otherwise a burden to society and thereby create a prejudice against them in the minds of those who pay taxes to keep them employed, but are not in condition to avail themselves of the benefits, if any to be derived.

Knowing as I do the advanced qualification of teachers of the present day over my own and those of a few years ago, I was sorry to see that the teachers of our county in County Institute assembled, had endorsed a law calculated to bring about such conditions as above named and also to compel the colored race against its will to vote with the white race in electing school trustees, and forcing the white trustee to enroll the names of colored children and make report of same to the School Commissioner against his will. Any law that taxes the people to build up institutions from which they receive none of the benefits is equivalent to taxation without representation.

I believe if our Legislature had passed a law giving the people of each county the right to tax themselves to build up public high schools without making it compulsory and without compelling a nearer association with the white and colored races in the affairs of public education, that the friends of advanced education could have aroused in the minds of farmers and laboring people of all classes a substantial interest in the advancement of education in the rural districts throughout the State and that the cause would have continued to grow. But under existing circumstances it appears that the enforcement of existing law can only have a tendency, on one hand, to bring about a closer association with the white and colored races and ultimately lead to mixed schools, and on the other hand to create a prejudice in the minds of all classes against the law that enforces such conditions and the institution it claims to uphold, and thereby clog the wheels of progress and suppress all hope of immediate advancement.

## It Builds Force

J-1

**Short Stops.**

Women with small feet all like the short skirt fashion.

An unmarried woman at thirty-five is an optimist. She sees only good in men.

As Taft's horse has broken down Bryan might send him his tric rule.

"Every dog has his day" and it comes mighty quick when his owner does not pay the tax on him.

The weather never gets too hot to dance, but it is often too warm to attend prayer meeting.

Talk about your sheath skirt, some women could wear a robe portiere and not attract much attention.

The Presidential campaign so far is one in which everybody is guessing and nobody knows anything.

A New Jersey woman is suffering from blood poisoning from carrying her money too long in her stockings.

After a man has reached the age when he is ready to settle down and stop giving his wife trouble, his sons have reached the age to begin.

The new style of hats from Paris are so small that they make a "merry widow" look like an umbrella, but the milliner's bills will be as large as ever.

Mr. Robert Ice celebrated his birthday near New Haven last week. All the small Ices were present, and from the temperature we judge it was quite a melting affair.

There was no truth in the story of the Night Riders burning a millinery store at Guston, in Meade county. It was a joke but was told so seriously that it was taken for a fact.

Nelson, the English naval hero, always carried a horseshoe with him into battle.

Von Moltke, the hardy old German General, would never begin a battle on Friday.

President Davis, of the Confederacy, believed that the presence of children brought him luck.

Prince Bismarck, of Germany, would never sit down to a dinner with thirteen at the table.

The father of Nicholas II., of Russia, guided his actions by the advice of an American spirit medium.

James G. Blaine would never turn back to re-enter his home even if he had forgotten something.

Admiral Farragut says he used to be guided by a still, small voice which told him what to do in battle.

**State News.**

The handsome residence of L. Pickett at Wilmore burned to the ground.

Dr. W. R. Thompson, a well-known physician of Mackville, Washington county, is dead.

John Graves was acquitted at

what is medicine for? To cure you, if sick, you say.

But one medicine will not cure every kind of sickness, because different medicines act on different parts of the body. One medicine goes to the liver, another to the spine, Wine of Cardui to the womanly organs. So that is why

## Wine of Cardui

has proven so efficacious in most cases of womanly disease. Try it.

Mrs. Wm. Turner, of Bartowville, Ill., writes: "I suffered for years with female diseases, and doctor without relief. My back and head would hurt me, and I suffered agony with bone-aching-down pains. At last I took Wine of Cardui and now I am in good health. Sold everywhere, in \$1.00 bottles."

**WRITE US A LETTER**

Write today for free copy of our Medicine Book to Dr. Wm. Turner, Chattanooga, Tenn. If you need Medical Advice, describe your symptoms, state age, and reply will be sent in plain sealed envelope. Address: Ladies Advisory Dept., The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

## The Campaign Is On

### WHO WILL BE PRESIDENT?

To form your opinions and keep in touch with the progress of the campaign, you will need first-class newspapers. We have made a special arrangement whereby you can get the

**DAILY COURIER-JOURNAL** \$1.25

**DAILY LOUISVILLE TIMES** 1.25

**WEEKLY COURIER-JOURNAL** .35

FROM NOW UNTIL DECEMBER 1, 1908.

This gives you a live metropolitan paper through the campaign and the election. Order to-day, as subscription will start with issue of day order is received. No back numbers can be sent. Or you can have

**THE ADAIR COUNTY NEWS** for Twelve months and either or the above Dailies until December 1 for only \$2.00.

This special campaign offer is in effect only during June, July, and August, and no subscriptions will be received at the reduced rate after August 31st under any circumstances.

Send your subscription orders to this paper NOT to the COURIER-JOURNAL or TIMES.

## Fifth Avenue Hotel,

PIKE CAMPBELL, MGR.

Refurnished, Redecorated, and Remodeled. A First-class Hotel at Popular Prices. Convenient to Wholesale and Retail Districts, Churches and Theaters.

"FIFTH AVENUE"

LOUISVILLE.

FIFTH AVENUE, BET GREEN AND WALNUT STREETS.

Louisville,

Kenucky.

Completely Renovated Throughout—

Absolute Satisfaction Guaranteed—

Enterprise Hotel

CHAS. F. GANS & BRO., PROP'S.

--- RATES \$1.00 PER DAY ---

234-242 E. Market St.

Louisville, Kentucky



For Better or for Worse.

The Twentieth Century woman is far more inclined to take a serious view of love and matrimony than either her mother or grandmother appears to have done. She may like admiration, but as a rule she has no desire to pose as a breaker of men's hearts. Viewed even from a moral standpoint the girl of the 'thirties,' the maiden of ready blushes and simple white muslin frocks, who was taught to regard every unmarried man who cross her horizon as a probable lover and a possible husband, was much more

"forward" in spite of her vaunted modesty than the bachelor girl, who looks the realities of life straight in the face and understands how the taking of a husband can prove a curse as well as a blessing. Such a one is most likely to promise to marry a man without the full intention to take him for better or worse.

**A Sure-enough Knocker.**  
J. C. Goodwin, of Reidsville, N. C., says: "Duckin's Aronia Salve is a sure-enough knocker for ulcers. A bad one came on my leg last summer, but that wonderful salve knocked it out in a few rounds. Not even a scar remained." Guaranteed for piles, sores, burns etc. 25c. at Paul's drug store.

# Woodson Lewis

Greensburg :: Kentucky

IS NOW OFFERING A CAR LOAD EACH

Studebaker  
Birdsell  
Milburn

## --Wagons

A car load of  
Oliver Chilled Plows

A car load of  
Disc Harrows

A car load of  
Cultivators, Corn Planters, and  
One-Horse Corn Drills.

Will have the greatest and finest display  
of Buggies and other Vehicles ever shown  
in this Green River Country, ready for  
Spring trade.

LIME, SALT, AND CEMENT  
A SPECIAL LINE.

Will deliver any kind of Farm  
Implements at any station  
on the L. & N. R. R.

Woodson Lewis  
The Merchant

Greensburg, Ky.

Mail orders promptly attended to



EXCLUSIVE  
SASH and  
DOOR HOUSE  
is what we are

By confining our attention to Sash and Doors  
we are enabled to carry a larger stock and a better  
selection than any other house in the South.

Send your orders to the Quick Shippers

E. L. HUGHES CO., 215-217 219 E. Main St.  
INCORPORATED. LOUISVILLE, KY.

Dr. James Menzies,  
OSTEOPATHY

CONSULTATION AND  
EXAMINATION FREE

Columbia, Kentucky.

Office  
AT RESIDENCE

Why Break Your Back -

When you can get a

1900 Ball Bearing

Wash Machine

Write for prices on

"New Way Gasoline Engines"

Address Dept. "A"

Care of



that a child, 14 years old, can  
wash a tub of clothes in six  
minutes. Guaranteed to do  
the work or money refunded.

Dehler Bros., Louisville, Ky.  
116 E. Market St. I square below Enterprise Hotel. Phone: Cumb. 2167-A. Home 215

## Pellyton.

Mr. R. T. Jones and wife are visiting the latter's parents at Elkhorn this week.

Miss Montie Jones is visiting Mrs. Mollie Jones, of Knifey.

Mr. W. S. Sinclair sold his fine Peacock colt for \$125.00.

T. W. Hardin and your reporter were in Campbellsville last week.

W. R. Mings and family visited Mr. Mings' parents in Taylor county last week.

Messrs. I. C. Harmon and J. W. Cornael attended the fair at Liberty last week.

Mr. William Mings, of Taylor county, is visiting his son, W. R. Mings, of this place, this week.

Mr. W. G. Ellis, better known as (Hawker,) has just finished laying by his corn and wants to know how to make it mature before frost.

Mr. David May was in Columbia one day this week.

## Glensfork.

Dr. James Hammond has erected a new office near his residence.

Blair and Garnett have put a new metal canopy over their store front. This together with the new concrete platform and stone underpinning materially enhances the appearance, value and convenience of their building.

Mrs. Mary Dudley, who has been confined to her room for some time with typhoid fever, is improving slowly.

Joshua B. Wesley, one of the best and most highly respected citizens of this community died, Aug. 24. He was a victim of typhoid fever and had been sick for several weeks, during which time all the care that could be offered by loving hands of kindred and kind neighbors was rendered, but the hand of the grim reaper could not be stayed.

Mr. Wesley was born near this place, July 12, 1868. He enjoyed the extreme good fortune of having every body that knew him for a friend. He leaves a wife and four children, two brothers and three sisters to mourn his loss.

The Teacher's Association at Mt. Zion Church was a great success. Almost every teacher present took an active part and the discussion was lively and interesting. At noon a sumptuous dinner was spread and all went away feeling that, "It was good to be there." The members of the Association highly appreciated the helpful and interesting speeches made by Ex-School Superintendent Matthew Taylor, George Aaron, and Eddie Helm, of Denmark, Ky. One feature especially interesting was a recitation beautifully rendered by Miss Nell Miller.

## Gadberry.

Farmers are very busy cutting tobacco and getting ready for Jack Frost.

Mr. Z. L. Bennett and family, Mr. J. L. Darnell and family, visited R. T. Gadberry's a few days ago.

Mr. C. L. Young and Mr. Wade Smith sold their crop of burley tobacco to Bob Allen for \$10. per round.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Gadberry visited at Mr. S. H. White's last

Sunday. Mrs. White is in a low state of health.

Mrs. S. L. Bennett has been sick for the past week.

Miss Mary Frankum, who has been reported sick for some time, is some better.

Mrs. Tait Bradshaw and baby are visiting her parents at Bogard, Mo.

Mrs. Z. L. Bennett has been very sick for the last five weeks.

Last Friday, August 21st, all that was mortal of Aunt Millie Strange passed to the great beyond. She was the widow of the late Winston Strange, who preceded her to the grave several years ago.

She is survived by one brother, Mr. Mart Grider, and one sister, Mrs. O. H. McClester.

She has lived with her sister ever since the death of her husband. Funeral services were held at the house by Rev. Z. T. Williams and the remains laid to rest in the family burying ground.

Mr. Viles Morrison and sister, Miss Annie, of Hiseville, Warren county, visited their uncle, Mr. Joe Morrison last week and attended the fair.

An infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Oris Barger has been very sick for several days, but is some better at this writing.

Mr. G. L. Rosenbaum and family, R. S. Thomas and family, Mr. J. L. Rosenbaum and family and Miss Maud Liddle Stone visited at R. T. Gadberry last Sunday.

Mrs. Sara Gadberry and daughter, Miss Lealer, spent last Tuesday with Mrs. Mattie Bennett.

We have the heaviest beech mast we have had for several years.

Mr. J. C. Shirley and family, who left here a few weeks ago for McGregor, Texas, writes back that they are very well pleased with the Lone Star State.

## Sangama, Ky.

Mrs. Maggie Coomer and mother are visiting her brother, Clem Coomer, of Jeffersontown, Ind.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Coomer, of Gradyville, were visiting Mr. and Mrs. George Coomer last week.

Mrs. Ellen Gassady and son, Joe Lee, are visiting their sister, Mrs. Monnie Clark.

Mr. Henry Holland, of St. Paul, Minn., visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Holland, a few days last week. This was his first visit to this country since he left here thirteen years ago.

Messrs. Charlie and Clifton Coomer were visiting Mr. Asa Rethford, near Gradyville, last week.

Mr. Jim Rethford and sister, Maggie, visited Mrs. Maggie Coomer last week.

## Dirigo.

Elroy McKinney has been very sick with fever for the past few days, but is some better at this writing.

A little child of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. England has been very sick for a few days.

Mr. Wm. C. Williams and family, of London, Ky., are visiting their parents at this place this week.

Mr. Redmon, a stave dealer of Glasgow, has been in this section for the past week receiving staves. He pays \$23.50 per m. for rough staves in the woods.

Henry Bardin, Chance, was

here one day last week. He told your reporter that he was just back from Campbellsville where he had contracted to deliver a lot of staves at \$60 per m.

R. E. Strange did business at Bridgeport last Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Froedge, Breeding, were here one day last week.

Myrtle Cummins is on the sick list this week.

Married, on the 20th inst., Mr. Robert E. Strange and Miss Effie Gaston. The groom is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Houston Strange, of this place, and has been connected with the firm of Moss and Taylor, stave dealers, for the past few years.

The bride is the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Gaston, Rugby, Ky. They will reside with the parents of the former the remainder of this year and Mr. Strange will continue to receive staves. May they live a long, happy life is the wish of your reporter.

## To Be Restored.

After several years' delay there is now good prospect of getting the Boone monument in the cemetery at Frankfort restored to its original condition. The sculptor who is to do the work is in Frankfort looking at pictures of Boone and studying the history of scenes and incidents in the life of the Kentucky pioneer.

It will be several months before the work is finished and the monument restored, but when the sculptor gets through it is expected that the Boone monument will be as it was many years ago.

The Legislature of 1906 appropriated \$2,000 for the restoration of the monument, but this has never been used.

On each side of the monument was depicted in marble an act in the life of Boone. One side showed the pioneer killing an Indian and another showed him and a bear fighting. A third side depicted Boone's wife milking a cow, while the fourth side showed him sitting under his own vine and fig tree. All these have been ruined by the souvenir collector and the monument is now stripped of almost everything that would show to whom it was erected.

## Clock Ticks Inside Fish.

Recently George Harris, late Assistant Warfmaster, caught a catfish that weighed only forty-five pounds, but upon dressing it found a clock in its maw, says the Carrollton News. Of course, the catfish's mouth was large enough to have swallowed the clock, but why it should have kept running, as it was ticking when the fish was caught, is beyond conception, as we learn that the timepiece was dropped overboard from the steamer Helen M. Gould by one of Purser Shirley Bradley's cabin boys three days previous.

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Game Warden Claude Daney

witnessed the correct time the clock was keeping and Charles Currans, the second clerk, identified the clock. It is a remarkable occurrence.

C. M. WISEMAN & SON  
Diamonds and Precious Stones.



Jewlers and Opticians.

Special attention given to work and all orders in of goods in our line.

Opus Music Hall

132 W. Market St.  
Bet. 1st & 2d St.

Louisville, Ky.

S. D. Crenshaw  
VETERINARY SURGEON



Special Attention to Eyes

Paulito, Poll-evil, Spain or any surgical work done at fair prices. I am well fixed to take care of stock. Mon day when work is done or stock removed from stable.

ONE-HALF MILE ON DISAP  
FROM COLUMBIA POINTMENT



Coffins AND Caskets

I keep ready for use all kinds of Coffins and Caskets which will be sold at short profits. Give me a call and be convinced that it would be to your interest to patronize my shop.

J. E. Snow, Russell Springs

FOR A GOOD MEAL VISIT THE  
Manhattan Restaurant  
and Lunch Counter

OTTO E. VENT, Prop.

502 WEST JEFFERSON STREET  
Opposite Court House

Louisville, Ky. REGULAR MEALS 20c. BEST COFFEE

Res. 'Phone 29. Office 'Phone 40-2

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JEFFRIES BLOCK

KENTUCKY

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OFFICE, FRONT ROOMS IN  
JEFFRIES' BUILDING.  
'PHONE NO. 40, KING 3.

COLUMBIA, KENTUCKY

WILMORE HOTEL

W. M. WILMORE, Prop.

First-Class Table  
Good Sample Room  
Feed Stable  
Reasonable Rates

GRADYVILLE, KY

They Take The Kinks Out.

"I have used Dr. King's New Life Pills for many years, with increasing satisfaction. They take the kinks out of stomach, liver and bowels, without fuss or trouble," says N. H. Brown, of Pittsfield, Vt. Guaranteed satisfactory at Paul's drug store. 25c.

## The Prince of Peace.

Famous Lecture Delivered by William Jennings Bryan at Numerous Chautauquas and Y. M. C. A.'s, and at Tokyo, Manila, Bombay, Cairo, Jerusalem.

I offer no apology for speaking upon a religious theme, for it is the most universal of all themes. If I addressed you upon the subject of law, it might interest the lawyers. If I discussed the mechanics of medicine, it might interest the physicians. In like manner, merchants might be interested in talk on commerce and farmers in a discussion of agriculture. But none of these subjects appeals to all. Even the science of government, though broader than any profession or occupation, does not embrace the whole sum of life, and those who think upon it differ so among themselves that I could not speak upon the subject so as to please a part without offending others. While to me the science of government is intensely absorbing, I recognize that the most important thing in life lies outside of the realm of government, and that depends upon what the individual does for himself than upon what the government does or can do for him. Men can be miserable under the best government, and they can be happy under the worst government.

Government affects but a part of the life which we live here and does not touch at all the life beyond, when religion touches the infinite circle of existence as well as the small arc of that circle which we spend on earth. No greater service, therefore, can engage our attention.

Man is a religious being. The heart instinctively seeks for a God. Man is essentially devout. There are honest doubters whose sincerity we recognize and respect, but occasionally I find them such as who think it must be skeptical. So far as it is concerned, if there is evidence of larger intelligence to scoff at creeds and refuse to connect themselves with churches, they call themselves "irreverent" as if a Christian were narrow minded. To these young men I desire to address myself.

### The Prince of Peace.

Even some older people profess to regard religion as a superstition, pardonable in the ignorant, but unworthy of the educated, a mental state which one can and should outgrow. Those who hold this view look down with mild contempt upon those who believe in religion, a definite place for their thoughts and lives. They assume an intellectual superiority and often take little pains to conceal the assumption.

Religion has been defined as the relation between man and God, and between man and his God and morality as the outward manifestation of this relation. Every one by the time he reaches maturity has fixed some relation between himself and God, and in material respects this relation has taken place without a question in the mind, for this relation is the most potent influence that acts upon a human life.

Religion is the basis of morality in the individual and in the group of individuals. Man has been created in the image of his God, and God's moral and spiritual nature. In the moral system elaborated by the materialists has several defects. First, its virtues are borrowed from moral systems based upon religion. Second, as it rests upon argument rather than upon authority, it does not appeal to the reason of the time the young are able to follow their reason they have already become set in their ways. Our laws do not permit a young man to dispose of real estate until he is twenty-one. Why this restriction? It is not his reason or nature. And yet a man's life is largely molded by the environment of his youth. Third, one never knows just how much of his decision is due to reason and how much is due to personal religion. Fourth, we recognize the bias of self interest when we exclude from the jury every man no matter how reasonable or upright he may be, who has a pecuniary interest in the result of the trial. And fourth, one whose mortality is based upon the probability of benefit to be secured spends time figuring that he should spend in action.

Morality is the power of endurance in man, and a religion which teaches personal responsibility to God gives strength to morality. There is a power remaining in influence in the belief that an all seeing eye scrutinizes every thought and word and act of the individual.

There are difficulties to be encountered in religion, but there are difficulties to be encountered everywhere. I passed through a period of skepticism when I was in college, and I have been glad ever since that I became a member of the church. I left college, and college, for fifteen and during those fifteen days, The college days cover the dangerous period in the young man's life. It is when he is just come into possession of his powers, when he feels stronger than he ever feels afterward, and thinks he knows more than he ever does know.

It was at this period that I was confused by the different theories of creation. But I examined these theories and found that they assumed something which was untrue. The new hypothesis, for instance, assumes that matter and force existed, matter in particles infinitely fine and each particle separated from every other particle by space, and gravity working upon these assumptions forcing work on matter, according to this hypothesis, creates a universe. Well, I have a right to assume and I prefer to assume a Designer back of the design, a Creator back of creation, and a power by spirit, not matter, in the process of creation, so long as God stands back of it you cannot shake my faith in Jehovah. In Genesis it is written that in the beginning God created the heavens and the earth. The secret of the universe, the secret of the creation has not yet revealed to us the great secret—the secret of life. It is to be found in every blade of grass, in every insect, in every bird and in every animal, as well as in man. Six thousand years ago we did not know more about the secret of life than they knew in the beginning. We live, we plan, we have our hopes, our fears, and yet in a moment a change may come over the form of any animal which will become man or lifespan. What is it that, having lived and having not, we are as the clod? We know not, and yet the progress of the race and the civilization which we now behold are the work of men and women who have solved the mystery of their own lives.

And our food—must we understand it before we eat it? If we refused to eat anything until we could understand the mystery of its growth, we should never eat. Some believe that the first germ of life came from another planet, and others hold that it was the result of spontaneous generation. Only in the church is it an obstacle.

I was eating a piece of watermelon some months ago and was struck with life. When the follower of Darwin has traced the germ of life back to the lowest form in which it appears, and to follow him one must exercise more faith than religion calls for, be it ever so little, than to believe that it does not bother us in the divine room. Only in the church is it an obstacle.

I was eating a piece of watermelon some months ago and was struck with life. I took some of the seed and dried them in the sun and found that it would require some five thousand seed to weigh a pound. And then I applied mathematics to that forty pound melon. One of these seeds put into the ground and when we go to the garden we have the rain to go to work. It gathers from somewhere two hundred thousand times its own weight and, forcing this raw material through a tiny stem, constructs watermelon. It covers the outside with a skin of red, and inside of green it puts a layer of white, and within the white a core of red, and all through the red it scatters seeds, each one capable of continuing the work of reproduction. What did that little seed do? Did it collect its coloring? How did it collect its flavoring? How did it collect its watermelon?

Go back as far as we may, we cannot escape from the creative act, and it is just as easy for me to believe that God created man as he is to believe that the millions of species he created a germ of life and endowed it with power to develop into all that we see today. But I object to the Darwinian theory until more conclusive proof is given. I object to the theory that shall share the consciousness of God's presence in our daily life if we must assume that through all the ages no spiritual force has touched the life of man or shaped the destiny of nations. But there is another theory. The Darwinian theory represents man as having reached his present perfection by the operation of the law of hate—the merciless law by which the strong crowd out and kill off the weak. If this is the law of our development, then, if there is any logic that can be found in it, man must have been born to the human mind, we shall run backword toward the beast in proportion as we substitute the law of love. How can hatred be the law of development when nations have advanced in proportion as they have adopted the law of love and the law adopted the law of hate?

But while I do not accept the Darwinian theory I shall not quarrel with you about it. I refer to it only to remind you that it is not the only theory of the origin of man which can be accepted. I fear that some have accepted it in the hope of escaping from the miracle, but why should the miracle frighten us? It bothered me once, and I am inclined to think that it is one of the test questions with the Christian.

**Why Shouldn't Miracles Be Performed?** This is a question which I have often asked. Miracles—He birth, his ministry and his resurrection all involve the miraculous, and the change which his religion works in the human heart is a continuing miracle. Eliminate the miracle and Christ becomes merely a human being but his gospel is stripped of divine authority.

The miracle raises two questions: "Can God perform a miracle?" and "Would he want to?" The first is easy to answer. A God who can make a man live in the sun can easily make him die in the shade. The power to perform miracles is necessarily implied in the power to create. But would God want to perform a miracle? This is the question which has given most of the trouble. The most common answer is that the love of God is to man to answer the negative. To say that God would not perform a miracle is to assume a more intimate knowledge of God's plans and purposes than I can claim to have. I will not deny that God does perform a miracle, but I do not know why he does it. The fact that we are constantly learning of the existence of new forces suggests the possibility that God may operate through forces yet undiscovered. The question is, with which we deal every day warn us that faith is as necessary as sight. Who would have credited a century ago the stories that are now told of the wonder working electricity? For ages man has been in the light, but the only fear is now that he will be left in the dark. His children, his wife and made to do the bidding of the world. The miracle is not more mysterious than many of the things with

which man now deals. It is simply different.

It is sometimes said that God could not suspend one of his laws without stopping the universe, but do we not suspend or overcome the law of gravitation when we move a foot or lift a weight we temporarily interfere with the operation of the most universal of natural laws, and yet the world is not disturbed.

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